

**Digitalization of education with a focus on removing traditional instructors as intermediaries in knowledge transfer.**

# Technology Impact Cycle Tool

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The technology aims to fully digitalize education by replacing traditional instructor-led teaching with self-directed, digital forms of knowledge transfer. This includes e-learning platforms, video-based learning modules, and audio content such as podcasts. The goal is to make education more accessible, flexible, and scalable

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Level of education: Other

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## Impact on society

What impact is expected from your technology?

### What is exactly the problem? Is it really a problem? Are you sure?

The core problem this technology aims to address is the inefficiency, inflexibility, and limited accessibility of traditional, instructor-led education. Many educational systems are still dependent on physical presence, fixed schedules, and variable teaching quality, which can exclude large groups of learners due to geographic, economic, or personal constraints. Moreover, instructor-centered learning often doesn't scale well and may not meet the diverse needs and learning styles of modern students.

By removing the dependency on human instructors and transitioning to high-quality digital learning methods (such as e-learning platforms, video content, and podcasts), education becomes more democratic, self-paced, and widely accessible. The "pain" lies especially with learners who cannot access formal education due to cost, time, or location. It also affects working professionals who want to upskill efficiently, and even educational institutions seeking to modernize or reach more students globally.

Solving this problem could significantly improve global access to education, reduce inequality, and allow lifelong learning for everyone anywhere, anytime. However, it must be acknowledged that not all learning contexts benefit equally from full digitalization, and the human element in education (such as mentorship, motivation, and social interaction) may still play an important role.

### Are you sure that this technology is solving the RIGHT problem?

There is a risk that the digitalization of education only addresses surface-level symptoms such as limited access or inefficient teaching, without tackling deeper systemic issues like lack of motivation, unequal digital literacy, or the social role of education. While technology can offer flexibility and scale, it may not fully replace the human aspects of learning, such as mentorship, emotional support, and peer interaction.

To critically assess this, the "Five Whys" method was applied. For example:

1. Why is traditional education a problem? Its not accessible or scalable.
2. Why is it not accessible? Because it relies on physical presence and instructors.
3. Why does that limit access? Because of geographic, financial, and scheduling constraints.
4. Why cant people overcome those constraints? Because they lack flexible options.

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5. Why do they lack those options? Because traditional systems have not adopted scalable digital solutions.

This suggests the technology addresses a real and fundamental problem: educational inflexibility and inaccessibility. However, success also depends on ensuring the solution does not neglect essential human elements of learning. Therefore, it is essential to complement this technology with support structures such as mentorship, community features, and guidance tools.

## How is this technology going to solve the problem?

This technology addresses the problem by digitalizing the knowledge transfer phase of education. Instead of relying on instructors to convey information in person, learners gain access to well-designed digital learning materials such as e-learning modules, video lectures, and audio content like podcasts. This enables them to learn at their own pace, in their own time, and from any location making education more flexible and accessible.

Because digital content can be scaled easily, it allows large numbers of learners to benefit from the same high-quality materials without the need for more teaching staff. In addition, features such as learning analytics and personalized pathways help adapt the content to individual needs, improving engagement and effectiveness.

The focus on self-direction empowers learners to take control of their own educational journey, helping to remove traditional barriers like geography, scheduling constraints, and cost. In doing so, the technology promotes a more inclusive and scalable approach to learning.

However, not all elements of education can or should be digitalized. While the transfer of knowledge can be handled effectively through digital channels, a physical or interactive moment remains essential to verify whether learning has truly taken place. This validation phase might involve in-person assessments, reflective discussions, or hands-on sessions designed to deepen understanding and connect theory to practice.

By separating the delivery of knowledge from its validation, this approach combines the efficiency of digital tools with the depth and personal connection of real-world interaction creating a more balanced and effective learning model.

## What negative effects do you expect from this technology?

While digitalizing knowledge transfer offers many advantages, it also comes with potential downsides.

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First, it may increase educational inequality for learners who lack access to reliable internet, digital devices, or a quiet environment for self-study. These infrastructural and socio-economic gaps can create a digital divide, leaving behind the very groups the technology aims to empower.

Second, fully removing instructors from the learning process could weaken the motivational and emotional support learners often receive from teachers or peers. Human interaction plays a crucial role in maintaining engagement, offering guidance, and building confidence especially for those who struggle with independent learning.

Third, there is a risk of content overload or low-quality materials flooding digital platforms. Without strong curation, learners may become overwhelmed or misinformed, reducing the effectiveness of the learning process.

Finally, over-reliance on automated systems and analytics may lead to a reduction in critical thinking, creativity, or spontaneous discussion elements that thrive in dynamic, face-to-face settings.

To mitigate these effects, it is important to treat digital education not as a full replacement but as a powerful complement to human interaction, mentorship, and quality control.

## **In what way is this technology contributing to a world you want to live in?**

This technology contributes to a world where learning is no longer dependent on the specific instructor you have in front of you whether they speak your language, match your pace, or use terms that you can immediately understand. It gives learners the freedom to truly engage with the material in their own way, focusing on what interests them or what they need at that moment.

By enabling personalized learning paths and content tailored to specific contexts such as training for the navy or air force this approach opens up more relevant and practical learning opportunities. Learners can access videos and materials that are directly aligned with their future work environment, which greatly enhances the quality and applicability of their education.

Although this is still future potential, I believe it's a world worth striving for a world where education adapts to the learner, not the other way around, making learning more accessible, effective, and meaningful.

**Now that you have thought hard about the impact of this technology on society (by filling out the questions above), what improvements would you like to make to the technology? List them below.**

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Improvements I would like to make to this technology:

**Enhance Digital Inclusivity:** Develop solutions to reduce the digital divide by improving access to reliable internet and affordable devices, ensuring that disadvantaged learners are not left behind.

**Integrate Human Support:** Incorporate mentorship, coaching, or peer interaction features within digital platforms to provide emotional support and motivation alongside self-directed learning.

**Improve Content Quality and Curation:** Establish rigorous quality control and curation processes to ensure learning materials are accurate, engaging, and tailored to diverse learner needs.

**Develop Effective Validation Methods:** Create seamless hybrid models that combine digital knowledge transfer with physical or interactive assessments to verify and deepen understanding.

**Personalize Learning Experiences:** Use advanced analytics and AI to adapt content dynamically to learners' progress, interests, and career goals, including context-specific modules (e.g., military, healthcare).

**Encourage Critical Thinking and Creativity:** Design activities and features that stimulate higher-order thinking skills, collaboration, and innovation, compensating for the lack of spontaneous in-person interaction.

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## Hateful and criminal actors

What can bad actors do with your technology?

### **In which way can the technology be used to break the law or avoid the consequences of breaking the law?**

Since this technology primarily focuses on knowledge transfer without formal assessments or exams, risks related to cheating or fraud in certification are minimal.

However, because the content involves defense-related information though not classified as departmental confidential there is a potential risk that personal data of learners, such as identity details or residence information, could unintentionally leak through the platform.

Malicious actors might exploit such leaks to infringe on privacy, commit identity theft, or conduct targeted attacks.

Therefore, strong data protection measures and strict privacy controls are essential to prevent unauthorized access and misuse of learner information.

### **Can fakers, thieves or scammers abuse the technology?**

Yes, while the technology is designed for knowledge transfer, there are potential risks of misuse by bad actors.

For example, scammers could impersonate legitimate educators or authorities to distribute false or misleading information, damaging trust in the platform. Phishing attacks could target learners by pretending to be official communication, aiming to steal personal data.

Can you imagine ways that the technology will be used to hurt, bully or harass individuals?

Since personal data of learners might be involved, there is a risk that malicious users could access or leak this information, leading to identity theft, targeted harassment, or doxing. Such breaches could violate personal privacy and cause harm.

Can the technology be used to create societal unrest or cross societal boundaries?

Though the content is primarily educational and defense-related, if false information or propaganda is spread through the platform, it could potentially sow confusion or mistrust. This risk emphasizes the need for strict content moderation and security measures.

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Examples:

Fake profiles pretending to be instructors to mislead learners.

Leaking learners personal information, leading to harassment.

Distribution of false or manipulated content that undermines confidence in the training.

Use of the platform to spread misinformation or extremist views.

## **Can the technology be used against certain (ethnic) groups or (social) classes?**

While this technology primarily focuses on delivering educational content, there is a risk that biases could unintentionally be embedded in the materials or their delivery.

For example, if content or examples are not culturally sensitive or inclusive, certain ethnic or social groups may feel excluded, misunderstood, or stereotyped. This could lead to feelings of discrimination or marginalization.

Moreover, if personalization algorithms rely on biased data, they might favor certain groups over others, limiting equal access or reinforcing existing inequalities.

Although this technology does not include features like facial recognition, which have known biases, it is important to ensure that all content is reviewed for fairness and inclusivity to avoid inadvertently harming specific societal groups.

## **In which way can bad actors use this technology to pit certain groups against each other? These groups can be, but are not constrained to, ethnic, social, political or religious groups.**

Bad actors could potentially exploit the platform by injecting biased, misleading, or inflammatory content aimed at exacerbating tensions between different groups whether ethnic, social, political, or religious.

For instance, falsified or manipulated educational materials could spread stereotypes or misinformation that fuel mistrust and division. If unchecked, such content might deepen existing societal fractures or create new conflicts.

Furthermore, the anonymity or reach of digital platforms can amplify polarizing messages, making it easier to target vulnerable groups with divisive propaganda.

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To mitigate these risks, it is crucial to implement strong content moderation, fact-checking processes, and promote inclusive, respectful educational materials that foster understanding rather than division.

## **How could bad actors use this technology to subvert or attack the truth?**

Bad actors could misuse this technology by creating and distributing false or misleading educational content, similar to how fake news spreads misinformation. For example, they might upload fabricated video lectures, altered audio podcasts, or doctored documents that present incorrect facts or biased viewpoints.

Automated bots could flood the platform with spammy or deceptive materials, making it difficult for learners to find reliable sources. Additionally, deepfake videos or audio could be used to impersonate trusted educators or experts, spreading misinformation under the guise of credibility.

These tactics could undermine learners trust in the platform, distort knowledge, and hinder effective education.

To counter these threats, the technology needs robust verification, content moderation, and authentication mechanisms to ensure the integrity and accuracy of learning materials.

## **Now that you have thought hard about how bad actors can impact this technology, what improvements would you like to make? List them below.**

Improvements I would like to make to address risks from bad actors:

Implement strong content verification and moderation to prevent the spread of false or misleading educational materials by ensuring all content is reviewed and authenticated before publication.

Develop advanced user authentication methods, such as multi-factor authentication and identity verification, to protect the platform from fake profiles and impersonation.

Enhance data privacy and security by strengthening measures to safeguard learners personal information against leaks or misuse.

Establish clear reporting and response protocols to make it easy for users to report harmful content or behavior and ensure timely and effective action is taken.

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Promote inclusive and unbiased content through regular reviews to avoid bias or exclusion of certain groups, fostering a respectful and equitable learning environment

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## Privacy

Are you considering the privacy & personal data of the users of your technology?

*This category has not been filled yet.*

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## Human values

How does the technology affect your human values?

*This category has not been filled yet.*

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## Stakeholders

Have you considered all stakeholders?

*This category has not been filled yet.*

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## Data

Is data in your technology properly used?

*This category has not been filled yet.*

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## Inclusivity

Is your technology fair for everyone?

*This category has not been filled yet.*

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## Transparency

Are you transparent about how your technology works?

*This category has not been filled yet.*

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## Sustainability

Is your technology environmentally sustainable?

*This category has not been filled yet.*

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## Future

Did you consider future impact?

*This category has not been filled yet.*